

# Lithium Metal Battery

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Gemäß Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1907/2006 (REACH) muss ein Sicherheitsdatenblatt lediglich für Stoffe und Zubereitungen zur Verfügung gestellt werden. Batterien sind von den Anforderungen dieser Verordnung nicht betroffen.

According Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) a safety data sheet must be provided for substances and preparations only. Batteries are not affected by the requirements of this Regulation.

# Section I - Product identification

Product Name:	Primary Lithium Metal (non-rechargeable) Battery
Model:	CR Lithium Primary 3V button cell
Chemical System:	Lithium - Manganese - Dioxyde (Li + MnO <sub>2</sub> à LiMnO <sub>2</sub> )

Lithium content:

Model	Li content(g)	Model	Li content(g)
CR2012	0.014	CR2032	0.065
CR2016	0.025	CR2430	0.090
CR2025	0.048	CR2450	0.165
CR1632	0.038	CR1220	0.012
CR1620	0.030	CR1216	0.008
CR1616	0.016	CR927	0.008
CR1025	0.008	CR2477	0.290
CR1225	0.015	CR3032	0.170
CR2325	0.060	CR2320	0.045
CR2330	0.072	CR2354	0.155

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Batteries are considered as articles and are as such exempted from the UN-GHS classification requirements. The classification based on the hazardous substances contained in the product (electrode materials and liquid electrolyte contained in the batteries) is provided below for information purposes only.

The UN GHS labelling information is not provided in this section as batteries are articles and therefore are exempted from the UN GHS labelling requirements. Other labelling requirements apply for batteries according to EU Directive 2006/66/EC.

The chemicals mentioned in section 3 are contained in a sealed can. Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused or if it is ingested. Swallowing of a battery can lead to chemical burns, perforation of soft tissues and death. Severe burns can occur within 2 hours of ingestion. In case of ingestion, seek medical attention immediately.

# Section III – Composition/Information on Ingredients

Cells or Batteries may explode when placed in a fire, when exposed to excessive heat, when opened or during inappropriate use; which could release hydrogen fluoride gas and smoke. Use only suitable extinguishing media.

The chemicals mentioned in Section II are contained in a sealed steel can. Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused.

Ingredient	CAS#	Content(wt%)
Manganese Dioxide	1313-13-9	15 to 40
Propylene Carbonate	108-32-7	2 to 6
1,2-Dimethoxyethane	110-71-4	1 to 5
Lithium Perchlorate	7791-03-9	0 to 1.5
Lithium or Lithium Alloy	7439-93-2	1 to 5
Graphite	7782-42-5	1 to 4

## **Section IV - First Aid Procedures**

None unless internal material exposure.

#### Explanation Carcinogenicity: NOT RELEVANT

Skin contact with contents of an opened battery can cause irritation, wash immediately with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, get medical help.



## Eye contact:

Contents of an opened battery can cause severe irritation, IMMEDIATELY FLUSH THOROUGHLY WITH COPIOUS AMOUNTS OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

#### Ingestion:

CALL MEDICAL PRACTIONER IMMEDIAIELY

#### Inhalation:

Do not inhale leaked material. PROVIDE IMMEDIATELY FRESH AIR, IF IRRITATION PERSISTS, GET MEDICAL HELP.

#### **Section V - Fire Fighting Instructions**

#### 5.1 Fire and explosion hazard:

The battery can leak and/or spout vaporized or decomposed and combustible electrolyte fumes in case of exposure above 70°C resulting from inappropriate use or the environment. Cells or batteries may flame or leak potentially hazardous organic vapors if exposed to excessive heat or fire. Fire, excessive heat, or over voltage conditions may produce hazardous decomposition products. Damaged or opened cells or batteries can result in rapid heating and the release of flammable vapors. Vapors may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation to an ignition source and flash back fire, excessive heat, or over voltage conditions may products. During water application, caution is advised as burning pieces of flammable particles may be ejected from the fire.

#### 5.2 Extinguishing Media:

Suitable CO2 Dry chemical or Foam extinguishers. Special Fire Fighting Procedure: WEAR NIOSH APPROVED SCBA & FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

As with any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid inhalation of hazardous decomposition products.

### **Section VI - Accidental Release**

General

Chemical contents are sealed in metal can. But if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused, contents may leak out. In such case, take action as showing below. The preferred response is to leave the area and allow the batteries to cool and the vapours to dissipate.



## Personal precautions

Avoid skin and eye contact or inhalation of vapours. Temporary inhalation of odor and attaching of electrolyte to skin does not cause serious health hazard. Be sure the ventilation and washing out of electrolyte quickly.

#### Environmental precautions

Collect all released material in a plastic lined metal container and remove spilled liquid with absorbent. Doing this, protect your skin and eyes with gloves and protection glasses. Avoid direct contact with internal components. Specific environmental precaution is not necessary.

# Section VII – Handling and Storage

When used correctly, Lithium-Metal Battery (Non-Rechargeable Single cell Battery) provides a safe and dependable source of power. However, if they are misused or abused, leakage, venting, or in extreme cases explosion and/or fire may result.

Make sure to observe amongst others, following warnings.

### Handling:

- Do not insert batteries in reverse. Observe the polarity markings on battery and equipment
- Do not short-circuit batteries
- Do not deform or disassemble batteries
- Do not incinerate or dispose batteries in fire
- Do not place battery on metal case, metal plate or antistatic material.
- Do not mix batteries types or brands. In case of multi cell application, replace all batteries to new at once when replacing used batteries.
- Do not heat batteries or exposure direct sunlight.
- Do not weld or solder directly to batteries
- A battery with a damaged container should NOT be exposed to water
- Do not allow children to replace batteries without adult supervision
- Keep batteries out of the reach of children. In case of ingestion of a cell or battery, the person involved should seek medical assistance immediately.
- Equipment intended for use by children should have battery compartments which are tamper-proof
- Do not encapsulate and/or modify batteries
- Exhausted batteries should be immediately removed from equipment and disposed of
- When discarding batteries with solder tags, insulate the tags by wrapping them with tape, foil, etc.

# Storage:

- Store unused batteries in their original packaging and keep them away from metal objects which may short-circuit them. Storing unpackaged cells together could result in cell shorting and heat build-up.
- Store and display batteries in their original packaging in well ventilated, dry and cool conditions.
- Avoid storing or display batteries in direct sun or in places where they get exposed to rain
- Do not stack battery cartons on top of each other exceeding a specified height. The height is clearly dependent on the strength of the packaging. As for general rule this height should not exceed 1.5 m for cardboard packages or 3 m for wooden cases. The above

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recommendations are equally valid for storage conditions during prolonged transit. Thus, batteries should be stored away from ship engines and not left for long periods in unventilated metal box cars (containers) during summer.

# Section VIII – Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Respiratory protection (specify type):	Not necessary under conditions of normal use (see section VI)
Ventilation:	Not necessary under conditions of normal use (see section VI)
Protective gloves:	Not necessary under conditions of normal use (see section VI)
Eye protection:	Not necessary under conditions of normal use (see section VI)
Other protective clothing or equipment:	Not necessary under conditions of normal use

In the event, however, electrolyte should be released by mechanical or electrical abuse, use:

Respiratory protection	Mask (with a filter preferably)
Hand protection	Synthetic rubber gloves
Eye protection	Goggles or glasses (see section VI)

#### **Section IX – Physical and Chemical Properties**

The chemicals mentioned in Section II are contained in a sealed can. Under conditions of normal use, the chemicals will not be released.

Appearance:Single cell: button cellNominal voltage:Single cell: 3.0 volts

# Section X – Stability and Reactivity

Since batteries utilize a chemical reaction they are actually considered a chemical product. As such, battery performance will deteriorate over time even if stored for a long period of time without being used. In addition, the various usage conditions such as charge, discharge, ambient temperature, etc. are not maintained within the specified ranges the life expectancy of the battery may be shortened or the device in which the battery is used may be damaged by electrolyte leakage.

Conditions to avoid: See Sections VII & VIII



# Section XI – Toxicological Information

The chemicals mentioned in Section 3 are contained in a sealed can. Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused or if it is ingested. Classification based on the hazardous substances contained in the product (electrode materials and electrolyte solution contained in the batteries): Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed (Manganese Dioxide) Harmful if inhaled (Manganese Dioxide, DME) Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation (Lithium) Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage (Lithium) Respiratory or skin sensitization Based on classification of ingredients, the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity Based on classification of ingredients, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity Based on classification of ingredients, the classification criteria are not met. **Reproductive toxicity** May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. (DME) STOT-single exposure Based on classification of ingredients, the classification criteria are not met. **STOT-repeated exposure** May cause damage to organs (Brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation) (Manganese Dioxide) Aspiration hazard Based on classification of ingredients, the classification criteria are not met. Information on the likely routes of exposure The chemicals mentioned in Section 3 are contained in a sealed can. Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused or if it is ingested (exposure via ingestion, skin or eye contact or inhalation). The most likely risk is acute exposure when a cell vents. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics No further information available. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long-term exposure The chemicals mentioned in Section 3 are contained in a sealed can. Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused or if it is ingested (see Safety precautions in Section VII). Swallowing of a battery can lead to chemical burns, perforation of soft tissues and death. Severe burns can occur within 2 hours of ingestion. In case of ingestion, seek medical attention immediately.

Numerical measures of toxicity

No further information available.



# Interactive effects

No further information available. The chemicals mentioned in Section 3 are contained in a sealed battery can. Under conditions of normal use, the chemicals will not be released. **Toxicity** Aquatic toxicity: Based on classification of ingredients, the classification criteria are not met. **Persistence and degradability** Not biodegradable. **Bioaccumulative potential** No further information available. **Mobility in soil** No further information available. **Other adverse effects** No further information available.

### **Section XII – Ecological Information**

The chemicals mentioned in Section II are contained in a sealed can. Under conditions of normal use, the chemicals will not be released. It does not pose a physical or health risk to users, see section XIII for disposal.

Heavy metal in battery: Mercury(Hg) and Cadmium(Cd) are neither contained nor used in battery.

#### Section XIII – Disposal Considerations

#### Waste disposal method:

a) Be sure to comply with your federal, state and local regulation disposal of used batteries. Dispose in accordance with appropriate national and international regulations, below some references. European Community: according to Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE), Annex II, batteries have to be removed from any separately collected WEEE. The removed batteries have to be treated according to the Battery directive 2006/66/EC

US: Lithium batteries are neither specifically listed nor exempted from the Federal Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) hazardous waste regulations. The only material of possible concern due to its reactivity is lithium metal. However, button cells contain so little lithium that they can be disposed of in the normal municipal waste stream.

Use a professional disposal firm for disposal of mass quantities of undischarged lithium batteries.

b) Open cells should be treated as hazardous waste



DO NOT INCINERATE or subject battery cells to temperatures in excess of 212°F (100°C). Such treatment can cause cell rupture.

# Section XIV – Transportation Information

Dangerous Goods Classification UN-No. Proper Shipping Name: Class 9 lithium batteries UN 3090, UN3091 Lithium Metal Batteries

Lithium-Metal cells and batteries are subject to the following transport rules:

Method	Technical Guidelines
Air	ICATO/IATA 60 <sup>th</sup> Ed. 2019
Road and Rail Europe	ADR / RID 2019
Sea	IMDG Code 2019 (Amdmt.39)
USA	DOT 49 CFR

Please use the transportation information for reference. Exact packaging, shipping documentation and labelling requirements vary depending on energy content of cell/battery, quantity, method of shipping, airline or forwarder. Make sure to confirm concrete actions in advance with your shipping company.

All cells and batteries of Jauch Quartz GmbH mentioned under Section I fulfil the conditions pursuant to the requirements for partly regulated transportation. UN Manual of Tests and Criteria Part III Subsection 38.3 (DGR 3.9.2.6).

Lithium-Metal cells and batteries are forbidden for transportation aboard passenger aircrafts.

# Section XV – Regulatory Information

- UN (United Nations): Recommendations on the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations, Sixth revised edition, Amendment 1, New York and Geneva 2017
- ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization): Technical Instructions for the safety transport of dangerous goods by air 2019-2020
- IATA (International Air Transport Organization): Dangerous Goods Regulations 60<sup>th</sup> Edition; Effective January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2019
- · ADR / RID 2019
- IMO (International Maritime Organization): International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code 2019 Edition (Amendment 39)

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT)



# Listed substance

· Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

# **Section XVI – Other Information**

This information has been compiled accurately to the best of our knowledge and belief. However, Jauch Quartz GmbH excludes any warranty for the accuracy, reliability or completeness of the information contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for his particular use.